Influence of water addition on the activity of MgAl catalyst in Aldol Condensation of Furfural with Acetone in flow-through reactor.

Tišler Z., Vondrová P., Skuhrovcová L., Strejcová K., Svobodová E., Peroutková K.

ORLEN UniCRE a.s, Areál Chempark 2838, Záluží 1, 436 70 Litvínov, Czech Republic

The aldol condensation of furfural and acetone is considered as the right way in bio-fuel processing to prepare diesel from biomass. Considering present situation at the fuelmarket related to crude oil shortage, the above mentioned process seems to be a convenient path to obtain fuels in the diesel and kerosene range (i.e. C_{8r} , C_{13}). This research focuses on the influence of water addition to the feedstock in this characteristic process over a heterogeneous catalyst. The catalyst chosen in this research was Mg:Al in molar ratio 3:1 as the most suitable according to our previous researches. To test catalyst lifespan, the flow-through reactor was chosen, in which influence of 5 wt. % of the water addition and conversion of the feedstock were tested. The catalyst was tested for its textural and acid-base properties using Mercury porosimetry, N₂-physisorption, X-ray diffraction, and Temperature-programmed desorption. Two different ratios of acetonefurfural feedstock were tested at constant temperature (T = 40 $^{\circ}$ C) and these tests were also performed with 5 wt. % water addition with immediate analysis of products using gas chromatography (GC). Two desired products of the reaction, C_8 (FAc) and C_{13} (FA2c) which are suitable after deoxygenation as a fuels, were obtained. The results of our experiment proved that the addition of water to the feedstock has a promising influence on FAc production, which was increased by 20 %.